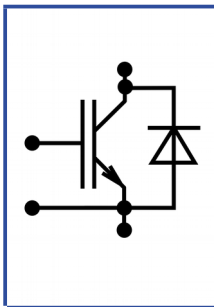
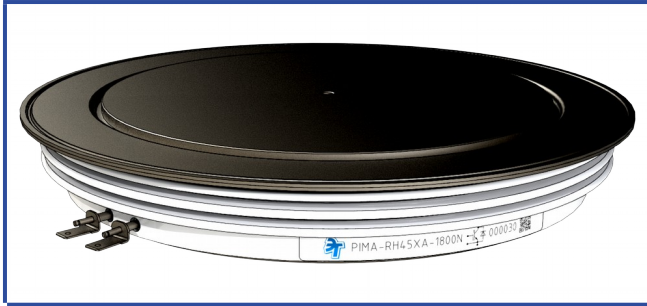


Capsule type (PressPack) IGBT module
4500 V 1800 A

Design features

- Hermetical sealed housing enables operation in explosive hazardous and aggressive environments
- Stable short-circuit state in malfunction mode
- Can be used in serial connection
- Wide range of operation temperatures from -60 to +125 °C

Typical application
Energy grids

- Flexible AC transmission systems (FACTS):
 - static synchronized compensators (STATCOM)
 - static VAR compensators (SVC)
- High-voltage direct current lines (HVDC)
- Renewable energy (wind and solar power generation)

Electric drives

- Transportation (railroad transport, ship electric drives, electric drives for mining and transport machines)
- Industrial equipment

Maximum rated values

Definition	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
IGBT				
Collector-Emitter voltage	V_{CES}	$V_{GE} = 0$	4500	V
Collector current (nominal)	$I_{C\ nom}$		1800	A
Repetitive peak collector current* ¹	I_{CRM}	$t_p = 1\ ms$	3600	A
Short-circuit duration	t_{psc}	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ C; V_{GE} = \pm 15\ V;$ $V_{CE} = 2800\ V; V_{CE\ max} \leq V_{CE}$	10	μs
Gate-Emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Junction operating temperature	$T_{vj\ (op)}$		-60...+125	°C
Inverse diode				
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	$V_{GE} = 0\ V$	4500	V
Forward current (nominal)	$I_{F\ nom}$		1800	A
Repetitive peak forward current* ¹	I_{FRM}	$t_p = 1\ ms$	3600	A
Junction operating temperature	$T_{vj\ (op)}$		-60...+125	°C
Module				
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-60...+125	°C
Maximum power dissipation	P_{max}	$T_a = 25^\circ C, \text{ double side cooled}$	12	kW
Mounting force	F		50 ... 70	kN

*¹ Pulse width and repetition rate should be such that device junction temperature does not exceed maximum T_{vj} rating

Characteristics

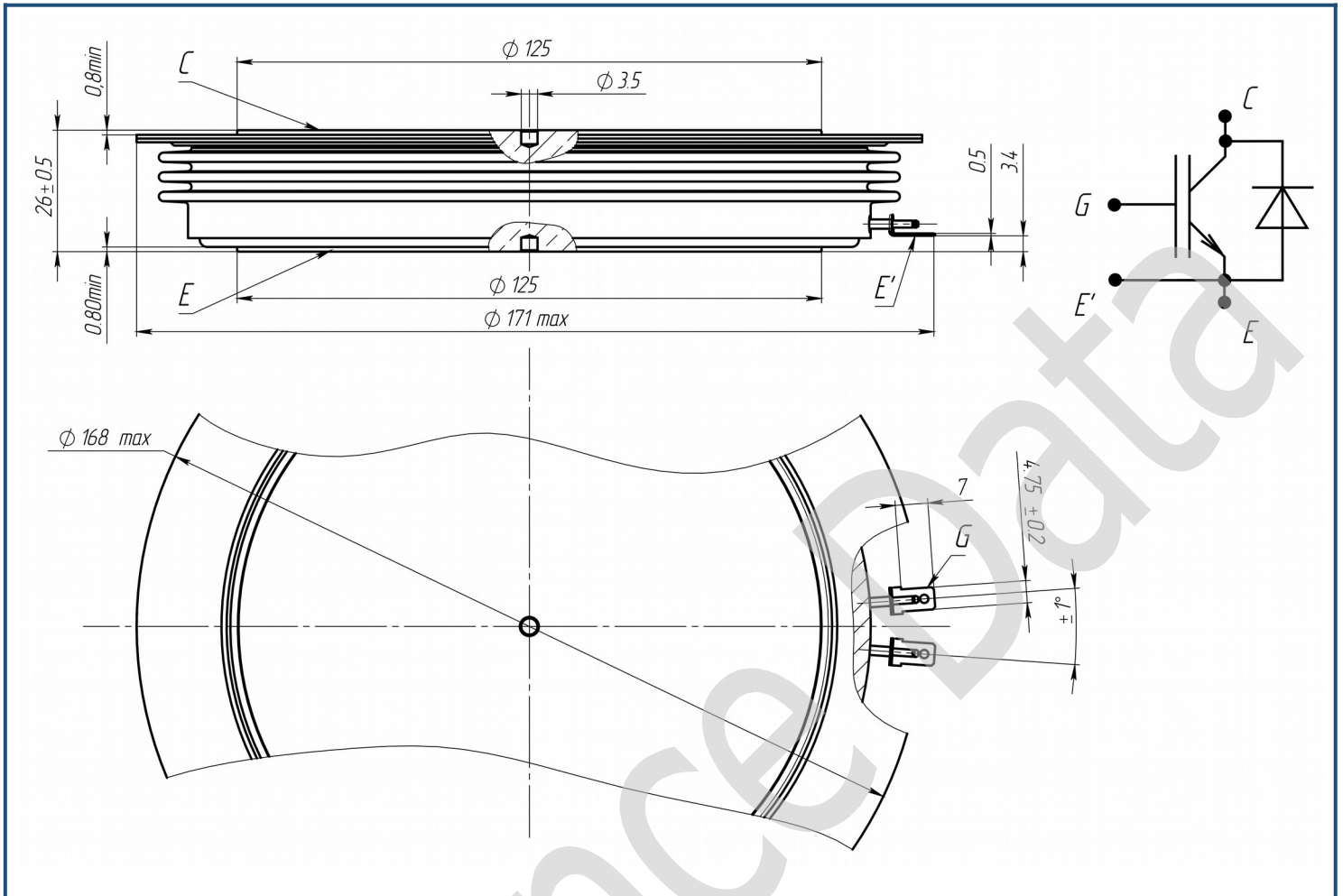
Definition	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit.	
			min.	typ.	max.		
IGBT							
Collector-Emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}	$V_{GE} = +15\text{ B}; I_C = 800\text{ A}; t_u = 1000\ \mu\text{s}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.80		V	
			$T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	3.50		V	
Gate-Emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 180\ \text{mA}; V_{CE} = V_{GE}; T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}; t_u = 2\ \text{ms}$		5.0		V	
Collector-Emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 4500\ \text{V}; t_u = 50\ \text{ms}; V_{GE} = 0; T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		70.0		mA	
Gate-Emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0; V_{GE} = \pm 20\ \text{B}; T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}; t_u = 30\ \text{ms}$			± 20	μA	
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\ \text{V}; U_{GE} = 0\ \text{V}; f = 1\ \text{MHz}; T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		280.0		nF	
Total gate charge	Q_G	$I_{C\ max} = 1800\ \text{A}; V_{CE} = 2800\ \text{V}; V_{GE} = -8 \div 15\ \text{V}; R_{G\ on} = 3\ \Omega; R_{G\ off} = 11\ \Omega$			22.5	μC	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CE} = 2800\ \text{V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15\ \text{V}; I_{C\ max} = 1800\ \text{A}; R_{G\ on} = 3\ \Omega; T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}; L = 200\ \text{nH}$		1.5		μs	
Rise time	t_{ri}			3.3		μs	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}			11		J	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$			4.7		μs	
Fall time	t_{fi}			2.5		μs	
Turn-off energy	E_{off}			10.5		J	
Collector-emitter threshold voltage	V_{CE0}	$V_{GE} = +15\ \text{V}; T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_{CE1} = 600\ \text{A}; I_{CE2} = 1800\ \text{A}; t_u = 1000\ \mu\text{s}$			1.82	V	
On-State slope resistance	r_{CE0}				1.21	m Ω	
Thermal resistance junction to case	$R_{th(j-c)}$	DC; $I_{CE} = 1750 \pm 50\ \text{A}; I_{test} = 10\ \text{A}; V_{GE} = +15\ \text{V}.$	Double side cooled	5.0	7.0	K/kW	
			Collector side cooled			11.0	K/kW
			Emitter side cooled			18.0	K/kW
Short-circuit duration	t_{psc}	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}; V_{GE} = \pm 15\ \text{V}; V_{CE} = 2800\ \text{V}; V_{CE\ max} \leq U_{CE}$		10		μs	
Inverse diode							
Forward voltage drop	V_F	$I_F = 1800\ \text{A}; V_{GE} = 0; t_u = 1000\ \mu\text{s}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3.70	4.00	V	
			$T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	3.90	4.20	V	
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_{CE} = 2800\ \text{V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15\ \text{V}; I_{C\ max} = 1800\ \text{A}; di/dt = 3000\ \text{A}/\mu\text{s}; T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.6		μs	
Repetitive peak reverse current	I_{rrM}			1600		A	
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}			2000		μC	
Reverse recovery energy	E_{rec}			2.8		J	
Threshold voltage	$V_{(T0)}$	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}; U_{GE} = 0; I_{CE1} = 600\ \text{A}; I_{CE2} = 1800\ \text{A}; t_u = 1000\ \text{mK}$			2.27	V	
Forward slope resistance	Γ_T				1.07	m Ω	
Thermal resistance junction to case	$R_{th(jc-D)}$	DC; $I_{CE} = 1750 \pm 50\ \text{A}; I_{test} = 5\ \text{A}; U_{GE} = +15\ \text{V}$		10	14	K/kW	
						22	K/kW
						41	K/kW

Module						
Mounting force	F		60	-	70	kN
Weight	W			2000		g

Notes:

- Insulating material operating temperature 125°C max;
- Case temperature 125°C max;
- The recommended operating junction temperature $T_{vj\ op} = -50 \div +125^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Advance Data

Overall dimensions: Package type – PIMA

Part numbering guide

PIMA	-	RH	45	XA	-	1800	N	
PIMA								IGBT module package type: PressPack IGBT, electrode diameter 125 mm
		AS						Asymmetric scheme
		RC						Reverse conducting
		RH						Reverse conducting (ratio IGBT : FRD = 2:1)
			45					Voltage rating ($V_{CES}/100$)
				XA				IGBT chipset modification
						1800		Current Rating
							N	Climatic version: normal climate

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